

# HMC20N65D

## Silicon Carbide Schottky Diode

$V_{RRM}$	=	650	V
$I_F (T_C \leq 135^\circ C)$	=	25	A
$Q_C$	=	40	nC

### Features

- Zero Reverse Recovery Current
- Zero Forward Recovery Voltage
- Positive Temperature Coefficient on  $V_F$
- Temperature-independent Switching
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature

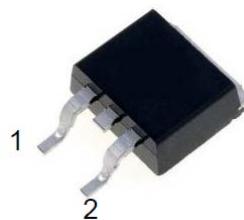
### Benefits

- Replace Bipolar with Unipolar Device
- Reduction of Heat Sink Size
- Parallel Devices Without Thermal Runaway
- Essentially No Switching Losses

### Applications

- Switch Mode Power Supplies
- Power Factor Correction
- Motor drive, PV Inverter, Wind Power Station

### Package



TO-263-2



Part Number	Package	Marking
HMC20N65D	TO-263-2	HMC20N65D

### Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
$V_{RRM}$	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	650	V	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	
$V_{RSM}$	Surge Peak Reverse Voltage	650	V	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	
$V_R$	DC Blocking Voltage	650	V	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	
$I_F$	Forward Current	25 20	A	$T_C \leq 135^\circ C$ $T_C \leq 147^\circ C$	
$I_{FSM}$	Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current	170	A	$T_C = 25^\circ C, t_p = 8.3\text{ms}$ , Half Sine Wave	
$P_{tot}$	Power Dissipation	183	W	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	Fig.3
$T_C$	Maximum Case Temperature	147	°C		
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature	-55 to 175	°C		

## Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
$V_F$	Forward Voltage	1.4 1.7	1.65 2.3	V	$I_F = 20A, T_J = 25^\circ C$ $I_F = 20A, T_J = 175^\circ C$	Fig.1
$I_R$	Reverse Current	2 10	20 200	$\mu A$	$V_R = 650V, T_J = 25^\circ C$ $V_R = 650V, T_J = 175^\circ C$	Fig.2
C	Total Capacitance	1190 115 96	/	pF	$V_R = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ C, f = 1MHz$ $V_R = 200V, T_J = 25^\circ C, f = 1MHz$ $V_R = 400V, T_J = 25^\circ C, f = 1MHz$	Fig.5
$Q_C$	Total Capacitive Charge	40	/	nC	$V_R = 650V, I_F = 20A$ $di/dt = 200A/\mu s, T_J = 25^\circ C$	Fig.4

## Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Unit	Note
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case	0.82	$^\circ C/W$	Fig.6
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient	80	$^\circ C/W$	
$T_{sold}$	Soldering Temperature	260	$^\circ C$	

## Typical Performance

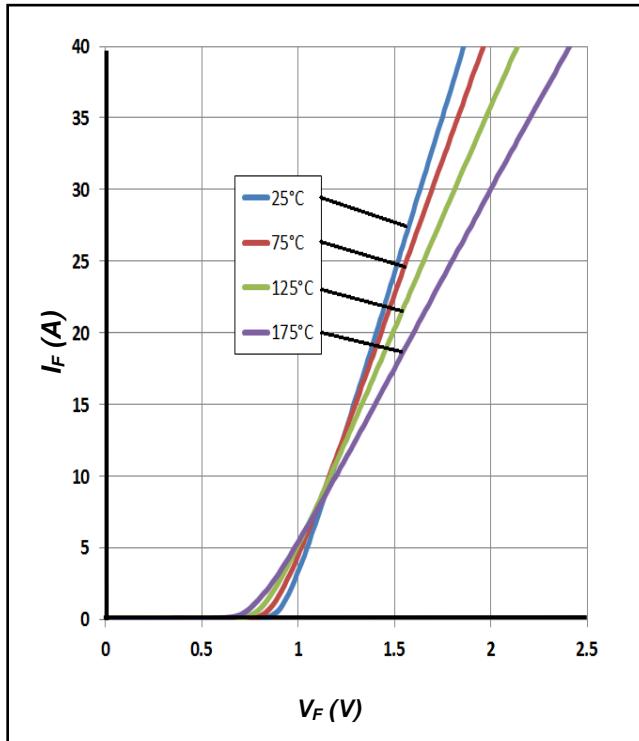


Figure 1. Forward Characteristics

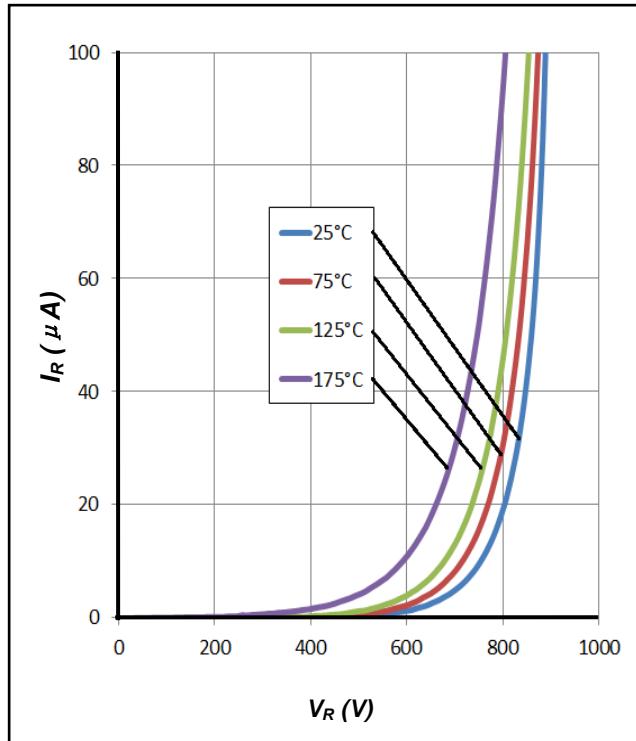


Figure 2. Reverse Characteristics

### Typical Performance

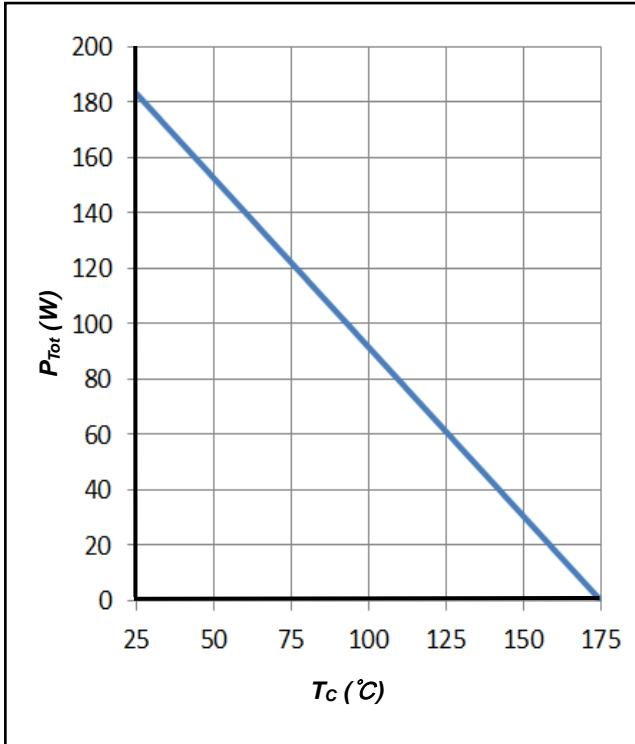


Figure 3. Power Derating

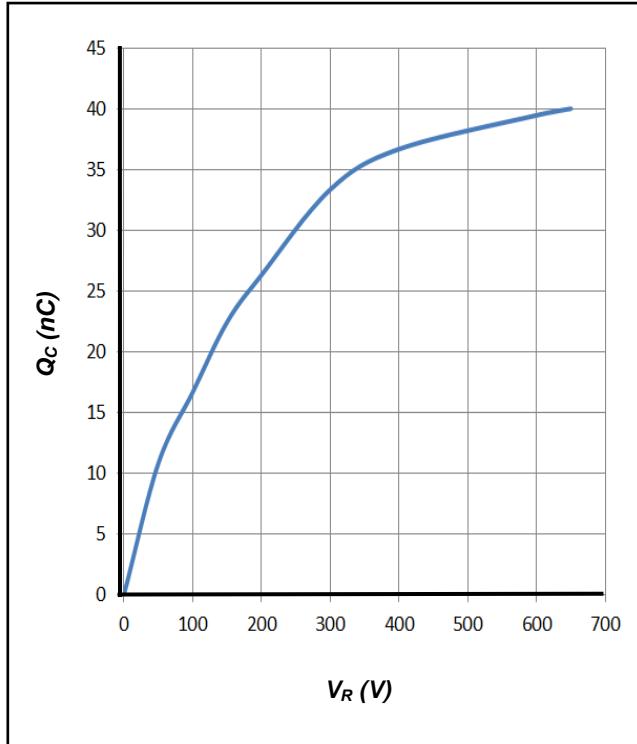


Figure 4. Total Capacitive Charge vs. Reverse Voltage

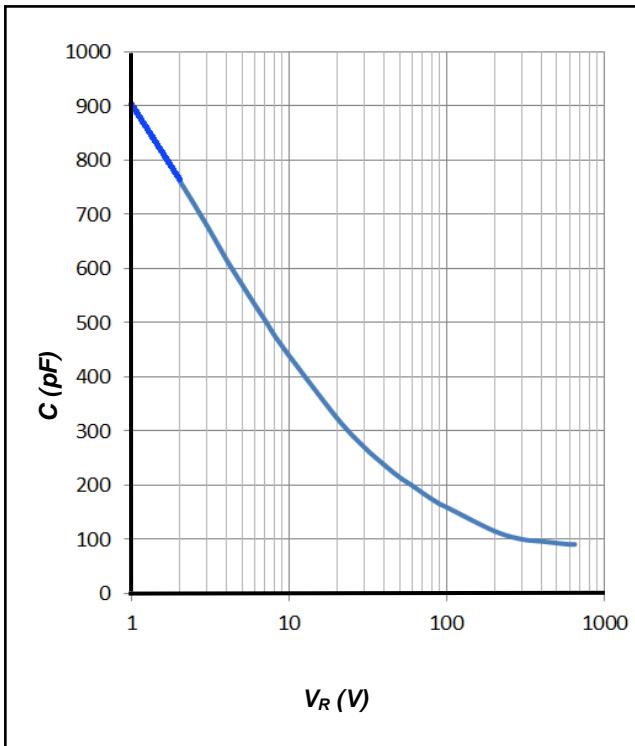


Figure 5. Total Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

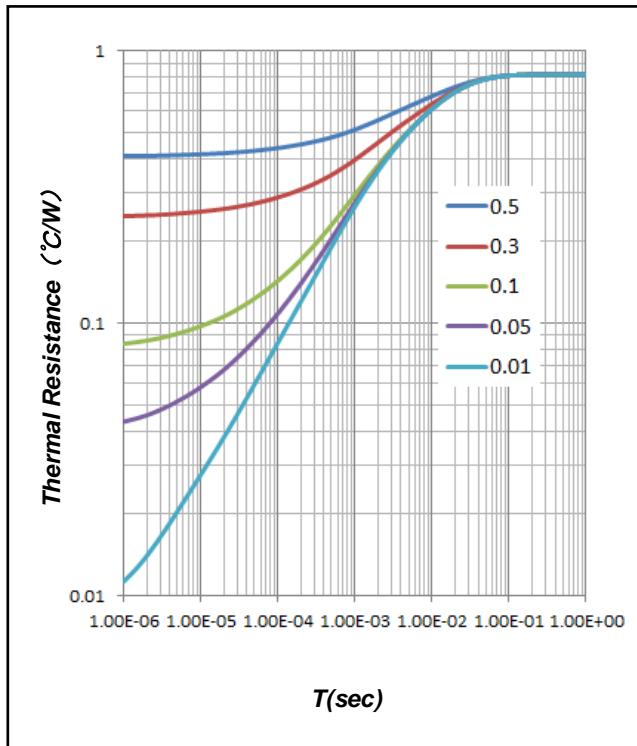
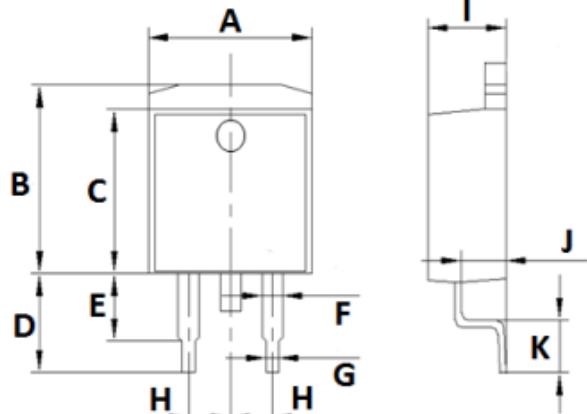


Figure 6. Transient Thermal Impedance

## Package Dimensions

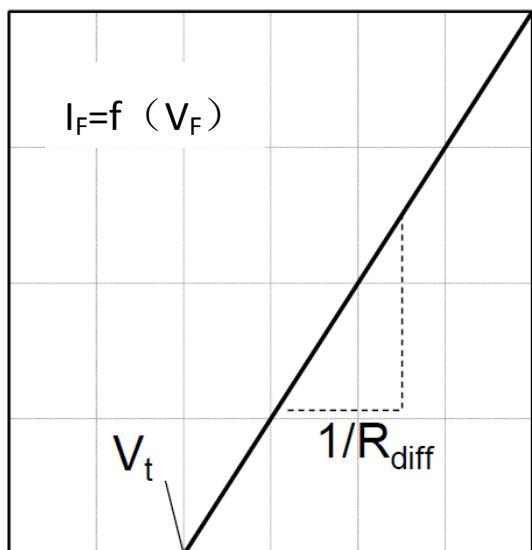
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Symbol	Min. (mm)	Typ. (mm)	Max. (mm)
A	9.9	10.1	10.3
B	9.90	10.1	10.3
C	8.50	8.7	8.90
D	4.85	5.05	5.25
E	3.00	3.2	3.40
F	1.05	1.25	1.45
G	0.60	0.8	1.00
H	2.34	2.54	2.74
I	4.40	4.6	4.80
J	2.40	2.6	2.80
K	2.55	1.75	2.95

## Simplified Diode Model

Equivalent IV Curve for Model



Mathematical Equation

$$V_F = V_t + I_F \times R_{\text{diff}}$$

$$V_t = -0.0011 \times T_j + 0.93 \text{ [V]}$$

$$R_{\text{diff}} = 0.48 \times 10^{-6} \times T_j^2 + 0.39 \times 10^{-4} \times T_j + 0.023 \text{ [\Omega]}$$

Note:

$T_j$  = Diode Junction Temperature In Degrees Celsius,  
 valid from 25°C to 175°C

$I_F$  = Forward Current  
 Less than 40A